## I can recall metric conversions

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts instantly.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { kilogram = } 1000 \text { grams } \\
& 2 \text { kilograms }=2000 \text { grams } \\
& 3 \text { kilograms }=3000 \text { grams } \\
& 1 \text { kilometre }=1000 \text { metres } \\
& 1 \text { metre }=100 \text { centimetres } \\
& 1 \text { metre }=1000 \text { millimetres } \\
& 1 \text { centimetre }=10 \text { millimetres }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 1 litre = 1000 millilitres 2 litres = 2000 millilitres etc...

They should also be able to apply these facts to answer questions.
E.g. How many metres in $1 \frac{1}{2}$ km?

## Things to Try

Top Tips - The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You do not need to practise them all at once; perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

Look at prefixes - Can your child work out the
Look at prefixes - Can your child work out the
meanings of kilo-, centi- and milli-? What other words begin with these prefixes?

Be practical - Do some baking and convert the measurements in the recipe.

How far? - Calculate some distances using unusual measurements. How tall is your child in mm? How far away is London in metres?

## Key Questions

What do the prefixes kilo, milli and centi mean?

Complete the sentence- there are .....grams in a ......kilogram.

Complete the sentence- to convert from metres to centimetres you......


## Useful Websites:

https://uk.splashlearn.com/measurement-games
https://www.ictgames.com/mobilePage/mostlyPostie/index. html
https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/z63qdp3

