

UK Exports

	Mechanical machinery (14%)
	Cars (10%)
	Electrical machinery (8%)
	Medical Products (8%)
	Crude oil (6%)
	Aircraft (5%)

Global Supply Chain Stages

Primary- extracting the raw materials e.g. farming, mining, fishing, and forestry.

Secondary- Turning raw materials into other products (processing/manufacturing stage) e.g. wood into furniture, tin into mobile phones, fish into fish fingers.

Tertiary- Services as provided to businesses (shops selling the brand) and other customers. The distribution to retailers around the globe falls into this sector



Fair Trade

1. Fairtrade means that farmers are paid a fair minimum price for their produce.
2. The Fairtrade Premium provides extra money to develop farmer's communities and protect their environment.
3. Having a minimum price means farmer's can plan for the future because they have a regular income.
4. Women are able to become involved and have a say. Previously, it would have been only the men allowed to do this.
5. Fairtrade supports 1.65 million farmers and farm workers in 74 countries.
6. When we buy Fairtrade products, we are helping farmers in poorer countries live better lives

Key vocabulary

Globalisation	Globalisation is the increasing connections between places and people across the planet, established through trade, politics and cultural exchanges, and helped by technology and transport.
Imports	Bringing goods or services into a country from another country.
Exports	Taking goods or services out of a country to another country.
Trade	Buying and selling goods or services.
Politics	The activities associated with the governance of a country or area.
Technology	Machinery and devices developed from scientific knowledge.
Economy	The financial system of a country.
Economic	Relating to the economy.
GDP	Gross Domestic Product: the total value of goods and services provided in a country during one year. Richer countries have a higher GDP than poorer countries.
Revenue	Money that is made or money that is coming in to the country or company.
Fair Trade	A way of buying goods designed to make sure that the producers of these goods in developing countries are paid a fair and stable price for the goods that we buy from them
Global supply chain	The different places a product and its parts come from, and travel to, on its way to the consumer (the person who is buying the product).
Multinational	Something that operates in more than one country. A multinational business is based in more than one country.
Goods	Items that can be bought and sold. Sometimes they are called products

Supply Chain for a food product

